

Acta Crystallographica Section E

Structure Reports

Online

ISSN 1600-5368

1-Methyl-3-(3-oxocyclohex-1-enyl)-azepan-2-one

Wei-jia Liu, Hua-Jie Yuan, Lei Chen, Li Hai and Yong Wu*

Key Laboratory of Drug Targeting of the Education Ministry, West China School of Pharmacy, Sichuan University, Chengdu 610041, People's Republic of China
Correspondence e-mail: smile.hl@hotmail.com

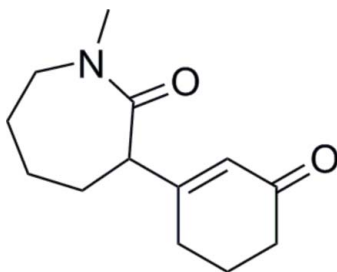
Received 4 September 2008; accepted 10 September 2008

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 294$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004$ Å;
 R factor = 0.056; wR factor = 0.163; data-to-parameter ratio = 15.1.

The title compound, $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{19}\text{NO}_2$, is a intermediate in the synthesis of the opioid analgesic meptazinol. In the crystal structure, a weak intermolecular $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ interaction occurs.

Related literature

For related literature, see: Bradley *et al.* (1980); Hoskin & Hanks (1991).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{19}\text{NO}_2$
 $M_r = 221.29$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
 $a = 9.450$ (4) Å

$b = 10.665$ (3) Å
 $c = 11.963$ (4) Å
 $\beta = 95.33$ (3)°
 $V = 1200.5$ (7) Å³
 $Z = 4$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.08$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 294$ (2) K
 $0.46 \times 0.44 \times 0.40$ mm

Data collection

Enraf-Nonius CAD-4
diffractometer
Absorption correction: none
2361 measured reflections
2198 independent reflections

1235 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.005$
3 standard reflections
every 150 reflections
intensity decay: 0.7%

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.055$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.163$
 $S = 1.06$
2198 reflections

146 parameters
H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.34$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.25$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{C7}-\text{H7B}\cdots\text{O1}^i$	0.96	2.54	3.436 (4)	155

Symmetry code: (i) $-x + 2, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$.

Data collection: *DIFRAC* (Gabe & White, 1993); cell refinement: *DIFRAC*; data reduction: *NRCVAX* (Gabe *et al.*, 1989); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3* (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB2790).

References

- Bradley, G., Cavalla, J. F., Edington, T., Shepherd, R. G., White, A. C., Bushell, B. J., Johnson, J. R. & Weston, G. O. (1980). *Chim. Ther.* **15**, 374–385.
Farrugia, L. J. (1997). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **30**, 565.
Gabe, E. J., Le Page, Y., Charland, J.-P., Lee, F. L. & White, P. S. (1989). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **22**, 384–387.
Gabe, E. J. & White, P. S. (1993). *DIFRAC*. American Crystallographic Association Pittsburgh Meeting, Abstract PA 104.
Hoskin, P. J. & Hanks, G. W. (1991). *Drugs*, **41**, 326–344.
Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **A64**, 112–122.

supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2008). E64, o1935 [doi:10.1107/S160053680802895X]

1-Methyl-3-(3-oxocyclohex-1-enyl)azepan-2-one

W. Liu, H.-J. Yuan, L. Chen, L. Hai and Y. Wu

Comment

Meptazinol, 1-methyl-3-ethyl-3-(3-hydroxyphenyl)hexahydro-1*H*-azepin hydrochloride, is a synthetic hexahydroazepine derivative with opioid agonist and antagonist properties (Hoskin & Hanks, 1991). The title compound, (I) is a key intermediate for the synthesis of Meptazinol (Bradley *et al.*, 1980) and we report its structure here (Fig. 1).

The molecule of (I) is chiral. In the arbitrarily chosen asymmetric molecule, C2 has S configuration, but crystal symmetry generates a racemic mixture. In the crystal, a weak C—H···O interaction may help to consolidate the packing (Table 1).

Experimental

A solution of butyl lithium (164 mmol) in hexane, maintained at 248 K was treated with diisopropylamine (13.5 ml, 164 mol) in THF (15 ml), followed by 1-methylazepan-2-one (8.1 g, 64 mmol) in THF (15 ml). After 10 min, a solution of 3-isopropoxy-2-cyclohexenone (7.0 g, 45 mmol) in THF (10 ml) was added, the mixture allowed to warm to room temperature and after a further 2 h was acidified with 2 *M* hydrochloric acid. After 30 min, the aqueous layer was extracted with dichloromethane, the combined organic layer washed with brine and evaporated. Recrystallization of the residue was from an ethyl acetate and hexane mixture. Colourless blocks of (I) were obtained by spontaneous evaporation in ethyl acetate and hexane (20:1 v/v).

Refinement

The H atoms were positioned geometrically (C—H = 0.93–0.98 Å) and refined as riding with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ or $1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{methyl C})$.

Figures

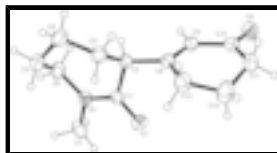


Fig. 1. The molecular structure of (I), with displacement ellipsoids for the non-hydrogen atoms drawn at the 50% probability level.

1-Methyl-3-(3-oxocyclohex-1-enyl)azepan-2-one

Crystal data

C₁₃H₁₉NO₂

$M_r = 221.29$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

$F_{000} = 480$

$D_x = 1.224 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

supplementary materials

Hall symbol: -P 2ybc	$\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
$a = 9.450 (4) \text{ \AA}$	Cell parameters from 20 reflections
$b = 10.665 (3) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 4.2\text{--}7.3^\circ$
$c = 11.963 (4) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.08 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$\beta = 95.33 (3)^\circ$	$T = 294 (2) \text{ K}$
$V = 1200.5 (7) \text{ \AA}^3$	Block, colourless
$Z = 4$	$0.46 \times 0.44 \times 0.40 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Enraf–Nonius CAD-4 diffractometer	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.005$
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.5^\circ$
Monochromator: graphite	$\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.2^\circ$
$T = 294(2) \text{ K}$	$h = -11 \rightarrow 11$
$\omega/2\theta$ scans	$k = 0 \rightarrow 12$
Absorption correction: none	$l = -4 \rightarrow 14$
2361 measured reflections	3 standard reflections
2198 independent reflections	every 150 reflections
1235 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$	intensity decay: 0.7%

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.055$	H-atom parameters constrained
$wR(F^2) = 0.163$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0788P)^2 + 0.1025P]$
$S = 1.06$	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
2198 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$
146 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.34 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.25 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
	Extinction correction: none

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
O1	0.95711 (19)	0.09365 (17)	0.84861 (15)	0.0577 (5)
O2	0.5608 (2)	0.4437 (2)	0.8362 (2)	0.0810 (7)
N1	0.8874 (2)	-0.0883 (2)	0.76476 (17)	0.0513 (6)
C1	0.8668 (3)	0.0106 (2)	0.83106 (19)	0.0419 (6)
C2	0.7256 (2)	0.0187 (2)	0.88309 (18)	0.0426 (6)
H2	0.6495	0.0047	0.8230	0.051*
C3	0.7118 (3)	-0.0828 (2)	0.9732 (2)	0.0539 (7)
H3A	0.8030	-0.0930	1.0165	0.065*
H3B	0.6442	-0.0546	1.0240	0.065*
C4	0.6637 (3)	-0.2092 (3)	0.9246 (2)	0.0638 (8)
H4A	0.6529	-0.2664	0.9862	0.077*
H4B	0.5709	-0.1989	0.8837	0.077*
C5	0.7628 (3)	-0.2687 (3)	0.8468 (2)	0.0659 (8)
H5A	0.8541	-0.2834	0.8887	0.079*
H5B	0.7243	-0.3495	0.8224	0.079*
C6	0.7860 (3)	-0.1915 (3)	0.7444 (2)	0.0608 (8)
H6A	0.8194	-0.2463	0.6877	0.073*
H6B	0.6954	-0.1571	0.7142	0.073*
C7	1.0154 (3)	-0.0913 (3)	0.7053 (2)	0.0669 (9)
H7A	0.9931	-0.0626	0.6297	0.100*
H7B	1.0509	-0.1756	0.7043	0.100*
H7C	1.0863	-0.0377	0.7428	0.100*
C8	0.7091 (2)	0.1503 (2)	0.9263 (2)	0.0435 (6)
C9	0.6343 (3)	0.2358 (2)	0.8651 (2)	0.0477 (7)
H9	0.5871	0.2107	0.7971	0.057*
C10	0.6223 (3)	0.3659 (3)	0.8985 (2)	0.0553 (7)
C11	0.6880 (3)	0.4006 (3)	1.0140 (3)	0.0702 (9)
H11A	0.7247	0.4854	1.0115	0.084*
H11B	0.6142	0.4004	1.0652	0.084*
C12	0.8034 (4)	0.3173 (3)	1.0592 (3)	0.0766 (10)
H12A	0.8193	0.3316	1.1395	0.092*
H12B	0.8895	0.3418	1.0266	0.092*
C13	0.7821 (3)	0.1819 (3)	1.0404 (2)	0.0631 (8)
H13A	0.7258	0.1490	1.0975	0.076*
H13B	0.8738	0.1404	1.0490	0.076*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
O1	0.0533 (11)	0.0494 (12)	0.0708 (12)	-0.0065 (9)	0.0074 (9)	-0.0010 (9)
O2	0.0766 (15)	0.0520 (14)	0.1098 (18)	0.0121 (11)	-0.0160 (13)	0.0039 (12)
N1	0.0595 (14)	0.0449 (14)	0.0509 (12)	0.0038 (11)	0.0122 (10)	-0.0052 (11)
C1	0.0468 (14)	0.0371 (14)	0.0404 (13)	0.0028 (12)	-0.0037 (11)	0.0059 (12)
C2	0.0436 (14)	0.0423 (16)	0.0398 (12)	0.0036 (11)	-0.0066 (10)	-0.0034 (12)

supplementary materials

C3	0.0548 (16)	0.0517 (18)	0.0549 (16)	-0.0035 (13)	0.0043 (13)	0.0060 (13)
C4	0.0605 (17)	0.0525 (18)	0.0776 (19)	-0.0097 (15)	0.0017 (15)	0.0109 (16)
C5	0.0652 (18)	0.0398 (16)	0.091 (2)	-0.0055 (14)	-0.0008 (17)	-0.0046 (16)
C6	0.0668 (18)	0.0487 (17)	0.0656 (17)	0.0024 (14)	-0.0002 (14)	-0.0200 (15)
C7	0.080 (2)	0.061 (2)	0.0636 (17)	0.0157 (16)	0.0262 (16)	0.0046 (15)
C8	0.0421 (13)	0.0441 (16)	0.0440 (13)	0.0013 (12)	0.0018 (11)	-0.0048 (12)
C9	0.0455 (14)	0.0474 (16)	0.0487 (14)	0.0036 (13)	-0.0042 (11)	-0.0061 (13)
C10	0.0407 (14)	0.0518 (18)	0.0734 (19)	0.0042 (14)	0.0057 (13)	-0.0026 (16)
C11	0.075 (2)	0.0511 (19)	0.084 (2)	0.0028 (16)	0.0042 (17)	-0.0231 (17)
C12	0.097 (3)	0.067 (2)	0.0618 (19)	-0.0014 (19)	-0.0136 (17)	-0.0134 (17)
C13	0.0736 (19)	0.062 (2)	0.0505 (16)	0.0072 (16)	-0.0119 (14)	-0.0152 (14)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

O1—C1	1.234 (3)	C6—H6A	0.9700
O2—C10	1.225 (3)	C6—H6B	0.9700
N1—C1	1.344 (3)	C7—H7A	0.9600
N1—C7	1.459 (3)	C7—H7B	0.9600
N1—C6	1.465 (3)	C7—H7C	0.9600
C1—C2	1.527 (3)	C8—C9	1.330 (3)
C2—C8	1.509 (3)	C8—C13	1.509 (3)
C2—C3	1.542 (3)	C9—C10	1.452 (4)
C2—H2	0.9800	C9—H9	0.9300
C3—C4	1.520 (4)	C10—C11	1.507 (4)
C3—H3A	0.9700	C11—C12	1.470 (4)
C3—H3B	0.9700	C11—H11A	0.9700
C4—C5	1.520 (4)	C11—H11B	0.9700
C4—H4A	0.9700	C12—C13	1.473 (4)
C4—H4B	0.9700	C12—H12A	0.9700
C5—C6	1.509 (4)	C12—H12B	0.9700
C5—H5A	0.9700	C13—H13A	0.9700
C5—H5B	0.9700	C13—H13B	0.9700
C1—N1—C7	118.5 (2)	H6A—C6—H6B	107.6
C1—N1—C6	124.0 (2)	N1—C7—H7A	109.5
C7—N1—C6	117.5 (2)	N1—C7—H7B	109.5
O1—C1—N1	121.8 (2)	H7A—C7—H7B	109.5
O1—C1—C2	120.4 (2)	N1—C7—H7C	109.5
N1—C1—C2	117.7 (2)	H7A—C7—H7C	109.5
C8—C2—C1	108.3 (2)	H7B—C7—H7C	109.5
C8—C2—C3	113.3 (2)	C9—C8—C2	121.0 (2)
C1—C2—C3	112.3 (2)	C9—C8—C13	121.3 (2)
C8—C2—H2	107.6	C2—C8—C13	117.6 (2)
C1—C2—H2	107.6	C8—C9—C10	123.7 (2)
C3—C2—H2	107.6	C8—C9—H9	118.1
C4—C3—C2	113.4 (2)	C10—C9—H9	118.1
C4—C3—H3A	108.9	O2—C10—C9	121.7 (3)
C2—C3—H3A	108.9	O2—C10—C11	121.5 (3)
C4—C3—H3B	108.9	C9—C10—C11	116.8 (2)
C2—C3—H3B	108.9	C12—C11—C10	114.6 (2)

H3A—C3—H3B	107.7	C12—C11—H11A	108.6
C5—C4—C3	115.1 (2)	C10—C11—H11A	108.6
C5—C4—H4A	108.5	C12—C11—H11B	108.6
C3—C4—H4A	108.5	C10—C11—H11B	108.6
C5—C4—H4B	108.5	H11A—C11—H11B	107.6
C3—C4—H4B	108.5	C11—C12—C13	116.7 (3)
H4A—C4—H4B	107.5	C11—C12—H12A	108.1
C6—C5—C4	114.4 (2)	C13—C12—H12A	108.1
C6—C5—H5A	108.7	C11—C12—H12B	108.1
C4—C5—H5A	108.7	C13—C12—H12B	108.1
C6—C5—H5B	108.7	H12A—C12—H12B	107.3
C4—C5—H5B	108.7	C12—C13—C8	113.6 (2)
H5A—C5—H5B	107.6	C12—C13—H13A	108.8
N1—C6—C5	114.6 (2)	C8—C13—H13A	108.8
N1—C6—H6A	108.6	C12—C13—H13B	108.8
C5—C6—H6A	108.6	C8—C13—H13B	108.8
N1—C6—H6B	108.6	H13A—C13—H13B	107.7
C5—C6—H6B	108.6		
C7—N1—C1—O1	-5.0 (3)	C1—C2—C8—C9	96.5 (3)
C6—N1—C1—O1	177.8 (2)	C3—C2—C8—C9	-138.2 (2)
C7—N1—C1—C2	173.9 (2)	C1—C2—C8—C13	-82.6 (3)
C6—N1—C1—C2	-3.4 (3)	C3—C2—C8—C13	42.6 (3)
O1—C1—C2—C8	14.2 (3)	C2—C8—C9—C10	-175.7 (2)
N1—C1—C2—C8	-164.7 (2)	C13—C8—C9—C10	3.4 (4)
O1—C1—C2—C3	-111.7 (3)	C8—C9—C10—O2	174.7 (3)
N1—C1—C2—C3	69.4 (3)	C8—C9—C10—C11	-5.8 (4)
C8—C2—C3—C4	154.6 (2)	O2—C10—C11—C12	-156.1 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-82.2 (3)	C9—C10—C11—C12	24.4 (4)
C2—C3—C4—C5	61.1 (3)	C10—C11—C12—C13	-41.6 (4)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-60.1 (3)	C11—C12—C13—C8	38.6 (4)
C1—N1—C6—C5	-64.5 (3)	C9—C8—C13—C12	-19.4 (4)
C7—N1—C6—C5	118.2 (3)	C2—C8—C13—C12	159.8 (3)
C4—C5—C6—N1	79.0 (3)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>
C7—H7B \cdots O1 ⁱ	0.96	2.54	3.436 (4)	155

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+2, y-1/2, -z+3/2$.

Fig. 1

